

# Geographical Indications in the Doha Development Round

**Luc-Pierre Devigne** 

Head of Unit – Intellectual property and Public procurement

**DG TRADE - European Commission** 





#### **TRIPS** issues at stake

Geographical indications

Register

**Extension** 

TRIPS/CBD

(Convention on **Biological Diversity**)

To be established

To be addressed

(1995 – TRIPS) (2001 – Doha declaration)



#### What has been done so far?

- 1995-2001 : post-UR on GI Register
- 2001 : DDA mandate on GI Register + GI Extension and TRIPS/CBD
- 2001-2008 : DDA discussions
- 17 July 2008 : draft modalities on TRIPS issues by an alliance > 100 Members







# The « alliance proposal »

- Covers GI Register, GI Extension, TRIPS/CBD;
- Focus on <u>key parameters</u> at Ministerial level
   → Technical details later.
- Result of a negotiation with compromises by all sides.
- Balanced ambition ensuring support by a large majority.
- Avoid burden and costs.
- Attention to developments needs.



#### Register

#### **Need to facilitate the protection**









# Register

• For whom?



- All WTO Members:
  - may notify;
  - must take the Register into account (NOT only those choosing to notify).





#### Register: how to take into account?

- Decisions on trademarks and GIs
- National authorities will consult the Register and take its information into account



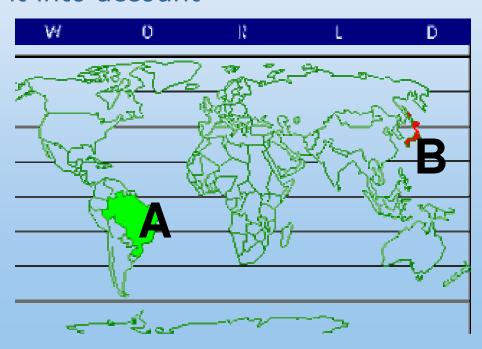
1) Prima facie evidence that the name meets the TRIPS **GI definition** – unless proof to the contrary

2) If someone argues that a name is **generic**, the assertion must be **substantiated**.



# Register - Example in Ruritania

- Notification by the EC: "CHIANTI" → Register
- GI right holders will seek protection
- Registration authorities will consult the Register and take it into account



- ★ May be registered in Country A
- ★ May be considered generic in Country B – protection refused





# Register Dispelling a few myths

- - National authorities, national procedures;
  - Each country decides on GI definition and GI protection
  - Exceptions available as per TRIPS.
- Costly and cumbersome?
  - A simple system of notification and registration
  - Opposition phase unlimited in time and space.







« objective »

("Parma ham from Australia" NOT allowed)



(Does "Parma ham from Australia" mislead the consumer?)







Granting all GIs the same level of protection 10



#### **Extension**

- exceptions available as per TRIPS, e.g.:
  - prior uses,
  - prior trademarks,
  - generic names.





#### **Extension**

## ... dispelling a few myths

- Only for names protected as Gis in the country of origin
  - > Not the case of *cheddar, mozzarella,* camembert, ...
- No « claw back list »



# **Development needs**

- « Special and differential treatment shall be an integral part of negotiations (...) in favour of developing countries and in particular leastdeveloped countries »
- In all 3 issues





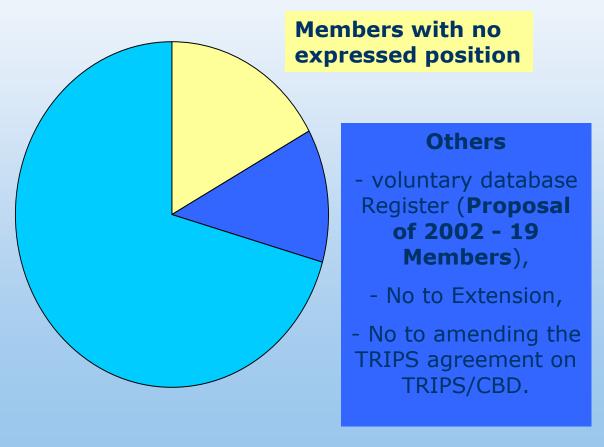
#### Where do we stand?

108 Members =

2/3 of WTO Membership, including EC

(proposal of July 2008)

- meaningful Register for all Members,
  - yes to Extension,
  - amending TRIPS on TRIPS/CBD



#### Conclusion

- TRIPS issues: conditio sine qua non for a DDA outcome.
- The Alliance Members have shown much flexibility.



• The 108 Members proposal: a compromise solution capturing steps made by all co-sponsors.



# Thank you!



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